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Energy dependence of elliptic flow in high energy heavy-ion collisions

Content :

Elliptic flow is a measure of the azimuthal angular anisotropy of the particle distribution in momentum space with respect to the reaction plane. The elliptic flow is sensitive to the properties of the dense matter formed during the initial stage of heavy-ion collision and parton dynamics. Experimentally, elliptic flow has been measured as functions of transverse momentum, rapidity and collision centrality in Au + Au collisions at Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC) in Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL). We have compared the experimental data on charged particle elliptic flow parameter (v_2) in Au + Au collisions at midrapidity for $\sqrt{s} = 9.2, 19.6, 62.4$ and 200 GeV with results from various models in heavy-ion collisions like UrQMD, AMPT, HIJING. We have observed that the average v_2 from the transport model UrQMD agrees well with the experimental value at $\sqrt{s} = 9.2$ GeV but at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV the difference in average v_2 being of the order of 60%. The AMPT with default settings gives a average v_2 value of about 4% for all beam energies studied, which is in contrast to increase in average v_2 with beam energy for experimental data. The AMPT with string melting scenario successfully describes the average v_2 at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV. The average v_2 result from HIJING is consistent with zero. These studies shows that the experimental average v_2 has substantial contribution from partonic interactions at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV. We have also compared the available experimental data on the transverse momentum (p_T) and pseudorapidity (η) dependence of v_2 to those from the above model. We have seen that the models qualitatively reproduces the trends of v_2 values increasing with increase in p_T and decreasing with increase in $|\eta|$.

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